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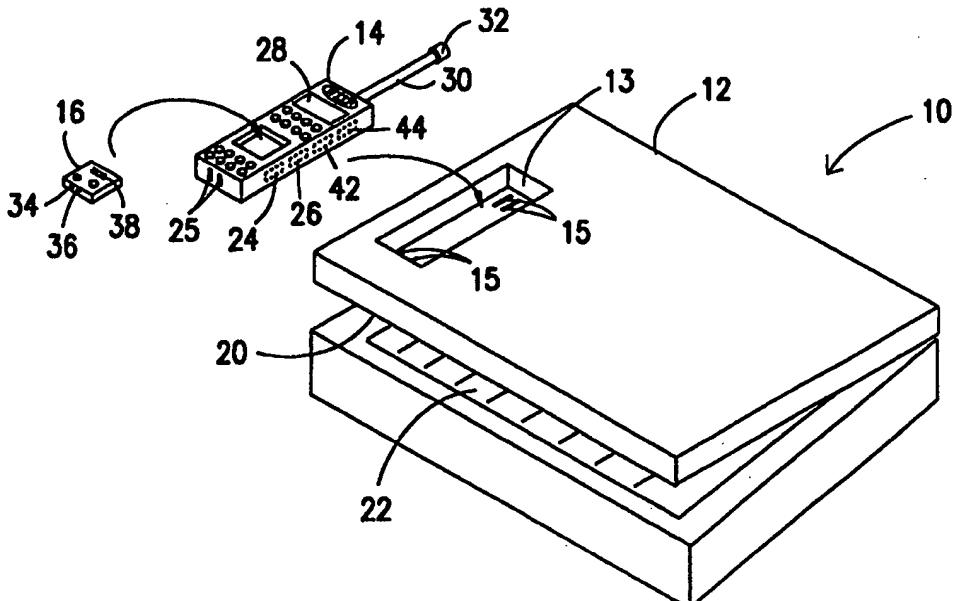
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(54) Title: PORTABLE COMMUNICATION APPARATUS



(57) Abstract

A personal computer apparatus includes a portable computer, a cellular telephone which can be connected to the portable computer, and a pager which can be connected to the cellular telephone. The portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager each have an independent power supply and are each detachable from the apparatus for individual functionality. When connected, the cellular telephone and pager can be coupled to the power supply of the portable computer.

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PORTABLE COMMUNICATION APPARATUS**Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates generally to personal communication from a variety of locations, and more specifically to a modular integrated communication apparatus.

5 Background of the Invention

As portable, or laptop, computers, cellular telephones, and pagers become more commonplace in today's society, consumers have become increasingly more reliant on the ability to effectively communicate with and receive communication from others via a variety of ways at any time, and at any place. Such communication may be made by cellular telephone, pager, or over a network or the internet using a computer. A variety of communication methods including electronic mail, telephone, paging, and the like, are available for nearly instant communication across large distances. When a person is for some reason away from a location where that person can usually be reached, the person often wishes to be able to not only send but receive normal communications. For example, a businessperson out of the office on business may wish to be able to send and receive messages and other information while away from the office. It has also become increasingly likely that someone wishing to get into contact with a second person who may be away from her usual location, such as on business travel or the like, will wish to resort to contacting the second person via a pager, e-mail, or telephonic communication.

20 Portable computers, cellular telephones, and personal pagers are all in fairly common use, each filling an aspect of modern communication needs. Many persons carry both a personal pager and a cellular telephone. Many persons when traveling away from their usual location carry a portable computer, cellular telephone, pager, or a combination of the three. Modern communication may require or dictate the use of one or more of the communication devices described above at any time. Each of these devices commonly have separate batteries 25 for supply of power to the individual device. If the devices are used for different amounts of time, some may require recharging sooner, making power management difficult.

Cellular telephones with built in paging are known. However, it is cumbersome to carry a separate personal pager, cellular telephone, and portable computer wherever one goes. 30 Further, to connect to a network or internet service provider (hereinafter "ISP") requires some method of connection. It is known to have a portable computer with cellular technology built in to the portable computer.

Various interconnections of modules are disclosed in the prior art. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,625,673 discloses a modular communications system in which a cellular telephone may be connected to a personal digital assistant (hereinafter "PDA"). The PDA in turn may be connected to a keyboard for full text input to the PDA. U.S. Patent No. 5,550,861 discloses a modular system allowing a pager to be connected to a computer for communications.

Coordination and the avoidance of duplicative technology with respect to communication devices is important to efficient use thereof, and to an economy of space. It may be desirable to have a personal pager, a cellular telephone, and a portable computer, but there are times when only one of the devices is needed or wanted. However, the remaining devices may be needed or wanted shortly thereafter.

There is a need for a better way to obtain the benefits of each of these devices in a more convenient manner. There is a further need for better ways to manage batteries used to power such devices.

15 **Summary of the Invention**

The present invention overcomes the problems of the prior art by providing a portable communication apparatus having portable computer, cellular telephone, and personal pager technology, all capable of combined operation in a connected mode not only from the same power supply, but also being capable of independent operation when separated. Although the term cellular telephone is used throughout the specification, it should be understood that as used, the term cellular telephone is defined herein to include other wireless and cordless telephones. Similarly, the term portable computer includes such designations as laptop and notebook computers.

A representative personal computer apparatus embodying the present invention includes a portable computer, a cellular telephone adapted to operatively connect to the portable computer, and a pager adapted to operatively connect to the cellular telephone. The portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager each have an independent power supply and are each detachable from the apparatus for individual functionality.

A portable communication apparatus embodied by the present invention has a portable computer, a cellular telephone, and a personal pager which are each separately and independently powered, and are each fully functional on their own without any requirement of assistance from the other devices. The devices of the present invention, however, are also

operatively and removably connectable so as to operate under one power supply, which may be provided by the battery of the portable computer, or from an external power supply. When combined in the connected mode, the portable computer, cellular telephone, and personal pager operate as a single unit with the functional capability of all three devices. The cellular
5 telephone may act as the communication line over which a modem in the portable computer connects to a network or other ISP, and the personal pager may be integrated with the cellular telephone and the portable computer to control certain functions of the telephone and the computer, such as alerts, power up or down, and the like.

In connected mode, the portable computer, cellular telephone, and personal pager are
10 coupled to operate from the same power supply, or to operate from their own separate and individual power supplies as desired or selected. Any combination of the three devices could be a sub-unit of the whole, including by way of example but not limitation, the cellular telephone and the portable computer, the personal pager and the cellular telephone, the personal pager and the portable computer, the three devices each standing alone, or the three
15 devices all operating connected together.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the cellular telephone may be connected to the personal computer via a PCMCIA interface on the telephone which engages a PCMCIA slot in the portable computer.

The cellular telephone may include a combination antenna and microphone for hands
20 free operation. When operatively connected to the portable computer, the cellular telephone microphone may be used as a voice input device to the portable computer.

In one embodiment, two digital signal processors (DSPs), a main DSP and a secondary or sub DSP, may be used in the communication apparatus to handle input and output functions of the communication apparatus. These DSPs may be built into or added to
25 the cellular telephone.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is an isometric view of an embodiment of the present invention showing the components connected together;

Figure 2 is an exploded view of the embodiment of Figure 1 showing the separated
30 components; and

Figure 3 is a view of a PCMCIA type connection embodiment of the present invention.

Description of Embodiments

In the following detailed description of the embodiments, reference is made to the accompanying drawings which form a part hereof, and in which is shown by way of illustration specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. It is to be
5 understood that other embodiments may be utilized and structural changes may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

Referring now to the Figures, a first embodiment 10 of a communication apparatus according to the present invention comprises a portable computer 12, a cellular telephone 14, and a pager 16. The portable computer 12, cellular telephone 14, and pager 16 are integrally
10 but removably connected together to form communication apparatus 10. It is desirable for the portable computer 12, cellular telephone 14, and pager 16 to be integrated by the connection and circuitry such that the power supply of the portable computer 12 may be coupled to the cellular telephone 14 and to the pager 16. In this embodiment, the power supply of portable computer 12 may be used as the power supply for the entire apparatus 10.
15 For example, portable computer 12 and cellular telephone 14 may have their individual power sources connected directly.

A cradle 13 in portable computer 12 may be used to position and hold the cellular telephone in place when the cellular telephone and portable computer are in connected mode. Power and communication connections between portable computer 12 and cellular telephone
20 14 may also be made at the cradle 13. Referring now also to Figure 2, exemplary power and communication connections between portable computer 12 and cellular telephone 14 are shown. In one embodiment as shown in Figure 2, charging and/or power connections 25 are shown on cellular telephone 14. These charging and/or power connections 25 electrically contact power connections 15 in cradle 13 of portable computer 12 to provide power from
25 power supply 18 of portable computer 12 to cellular telephone 14. The communication connections and communication lines are able to treat the cellular telephone like a modem, and allow the portable computer to issue standard modem commands and the like to the cellular telephone.

Alternative positions of charging and/or power connections 25 are shown at 15' of
30 Figure 2. Alternative charging and/or power connections on cellular telephone 14 (not shown) are positionable to contact charging and/or power connections 15' in cradle 13. When cellular telephone 14 is placed into cradle 13, suitable connections between portable computer

12 and cellular telephone 14 are made to allow the cellular telephone 14 and the portable computer 12 to operate from the power supply 18 of portable computer 12.

Alternative charging and/or power connections will be apparent to those skilled in the art, and are within the scope of the invention. Alternative connections include, by way of example but not by way of limitation, slide connections, cord connections, serial and parallel connections, and the like.

Similarly, communication connections between portable computer 12 and cellular telephone 14 may be positioned so as to interconnect portable computer 12 and cellular telephone 14.

Portable computer 10 preferably has the capability of connection to an external power source such as AC power; so that the battery of portable computer 12 may be conserved and/or recharged when the portable computer is near an available and adequate source of external power. When cellular telephone 14 and pager 16 are combined with portable computer 12 in connected mode, the external power source charging portable computer 12 also charges cellular telephone 14 and pager 16 by way of the interconnection of the power supplied of the three individual devices when combined in connected mode.

Each of the components of the communication apparatus 10 is preferably a stand alone unit having its own functionality when separated from the apparatus 10. Therefore, the portable computer 12 has an independent power source 18, a display screen 20, a keyboard or other input device 22, and associated processing and computing hardware and software (not shown). The cellular telephone 14 has an independent power supply 24, transceiver 26, and display 28. Cellular telephone 14 may further be configured to be connectable to a standard telephone jack for use. The pager 16 has an independent power supply 34, a receiver 36, and a display 38. Pager 16 may also be configured, as is well known in the art, to have both a receiver and a transmitter. The receiver and transmitter may similarly be combined into a single transceiver.

Cellular telephone 14 may also be configured with an antenna 30 having a microphone 32 built into the antenna 30. Microphone 32 may be positioned at any location along antenna 30. In one embodiment, shown in Figure 2, microphone 32 is located at the far, or distal, end of the microphone, most removed from the cellular telephone 14. Antenna 30 may be retractable into the body of the cellular telephone 14.

Referring now to Figure 2, a representative view of a connection and interconnection between the portable computer 12, cellular telephone 14, and pager 16 may be seen. Other

interconnection configurations will be apparent to those skilled in the art, and there is no intention to limit the interconnection details to those shown in the Figure. For example, but not by way of limitation, such interconnection configurations could include PCMCIA, device bay connection, and proprietary connection. In Figure 2, cellular telephone 14 and pager 16 are shown to interconnect with each other, and the combination cellular telephone and pager connect to the portable computer 12.

The interface between cellular telephone 14 and portable computer 12 may be made by any number of connection configurations. For example, but not by way of limitation, connection may be made directly between the power supplies

Two digital signal processors (DSPs) 42 and 44, with associated circuitry, may be connected or built in to the cellular telephone 14 to assist in the control of the communication and power connection interfaces between the pager 16 and the cellular telephone 14, as well as between the cellular telephone 14 and the portable computer 12. These digital signal processors 42 and 44 include main DSP 42 and sub or secondary DSP 44. Main DSP 42 operates to assist in the control of the interfaces described above between the cellular telephone and the portable computer, as well as the interface between the pager and the cellular telephone. Secondary or sub DSP 44 may be used to manage the input/output functions between the various components of the communication apparatus 10. The connection and operation of DSPs is well known and will not be described further herein.

When the communication apparatus 10 is fully combined in connected mode, with all components, portable computer 12, cellular telephone 14, and pager 16, various functions and capabilities of the individual components may be used to complement functions of the remaining components. For example, pager 16 and/or telephone 14 could be used to control certain computer functions such as alert, power on, power off, and the like.

In another embodiment as shown best in Figure 3, the cellular telephone 14 may be adapted to connect to the portable computer via a PCMCIA slot. The cellular phone with PCMCIA connection 46 on cellular telephone 14 allows the cellular telephone 14 to be connected to a PCMCIA slot 48 on the portable computer 12. The connection may be made with two type 2 PCMCIA slots, or with one PCMCIA type 3 slot. The PCMCIA connection 46 on the cellular telephone 14 allows the cellular telephone 14 to be directly connected to the portable computer 12 to allow transmission of information more readily between the cellular telephone 14 and the portable computer 12.

It will be readily seen that the interconnection between portable computer 12, cellular telephone 14, and pager 16 allow communication apparatus 10 to function as a total communications package, allowing connection to a network or the internet, allowing outgoing and incoming telephone transmissions, allowing the receipt of pages, allowing the transmission and receipt of facsimile messages with appropriate software for portable computer 12, and the like. The communication apparatus 10 is versatile enough to allow disconnection of one or more of its components for stand alone use. For example, if the user of the communication apparatus 10 wished to leave the location at which the user was, but did not wish to carry or transport the entire communication apparatus 10, the user could choose which components of the apparatus 10 he wished to carry. For a short absence, pager 16 may be the only component the user wishes to take. For certain instances, only the cellular telephone 14 may be desired. It is a simple matter to disconnect the individual component desired from the communication apparatus as a whole. In this way, the total communication apparatus 10 becomes even more versatile for everyday use.

Power management functions of the communication apparatus 10 allow cellular telephone 14 and pager 16 to be coupled to power supply 18 of portable computer 12. When so coupled or operatively connected, the cellular telephone 14 and pager 16 operate using power from the power supply 18 of portable computer 12. Charging and recharging of portable computer 12, cellular telephone 14, and pager 16 can be accomplished more easily, and controlled more closely.

It is to be understood that the above description is intended to be illustrative, and not restrictive. Many other embodiments will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reading and understanding the above description. The scope of the invention should, therefore, be determined with reference to the appended claims, along with the full scope of equivalents to which such claims are entitled.

What is claimed is:

1. A personal computer apparatus, comprising:
a portable computer;
a cellular telephone adapted to operatively connect to the portable computer; and
a pager adapted to operatively connect to the cellular telephone;
wherein the portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager each have an independent power supply and are each detachable from the apparatus for individual functionality.
2. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the cellular telephone is adapted to engage a PCMCIA slot in the portable computer.
3. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 2, wherein the PCMCIA slot is a type 3 slot.
4. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the cellular telephone is coupled to the portable computer power supply.
5. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 4, wherein the pager is coupled to the portable computer power supply.
6. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the cellular telephone is operatively connected to the portable computer to control remote computer apparatus access.
7. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the pager is operatively connected to the portable computer to control remote computer apparatus access.
8. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the cellular telephone further comprises:
a digital signal processor operatively connected to assist in control of the interfaces between the portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager.

9. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 7, wherein the cellular telephone further comprises:

a second digital signal processor operatively connected to assist in management of the input and output functions of the portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager.

10. A personal computer apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the cellular telephone further comprises:

an antenna operatively connected to the cellular telephone, the antenna having a microphone attached to the distal end thereof.

11. A modular communication system, comprising:

a portable computer having an independent power supply and a PCMCIA slot;

a cellular telephone having an independent power supply and a PCMCIA interface,

the cellular telephone removably connectable by the PCMCIA interface to the portable computer via the PCMCIA slot, and the cellular telephone capable of being coupled to the portable computer power supply so as to operate either under the cellular telephone power supply or the portable computer power supply; and

a pager having an independent power supply, the pager removably connectable to the cellular telephone so as to operate either under the pager power supply or the cellular telephone power supply.

12. A modular communication system as described in claim 10, wherein the cellular telephone further comprises an antenna having a microphone operatively connected at the distal end thereof.

13. A modular communication system as described in claim 11, and further comprising:

a first digital signal processor operatively connected to assist in control of the interfaces between the portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager; and

a second digital signal processor operatively connected to assist in management of the input and output functions of the portable computer, the cellular telephone, and the pager.

14. A modular communication system, comprising:
 - a portable computer having an independent power supply;
 - a wireless telephone; and
 - a pager;

means for removably, operatively interconnecting the portable computer, the wireless telephone, and the pager to couple the wireless telephone and the pager to the independent power supply.
15. A portable computer, comprising:
 - a central processing unit contained within a housing;
 - a display screen; and
 - a keyboard;

wherein the housing has a cradle therein, the cradle having connections for providing power and communication connections to a cellular telephone.
16. A method of assembling a communication system having a portable computer with a power supply, a cellular telephone, and a pager, each having independent functionality, the method comprising:
 - providing communication and power connections on the portable computer for the coupled connection of the cellular telephone to the portable computer; and
 - connecting the portable computer and the cellular telephone via the communication and power connections to couple the cellular telephone to the power supply of the portable computer.

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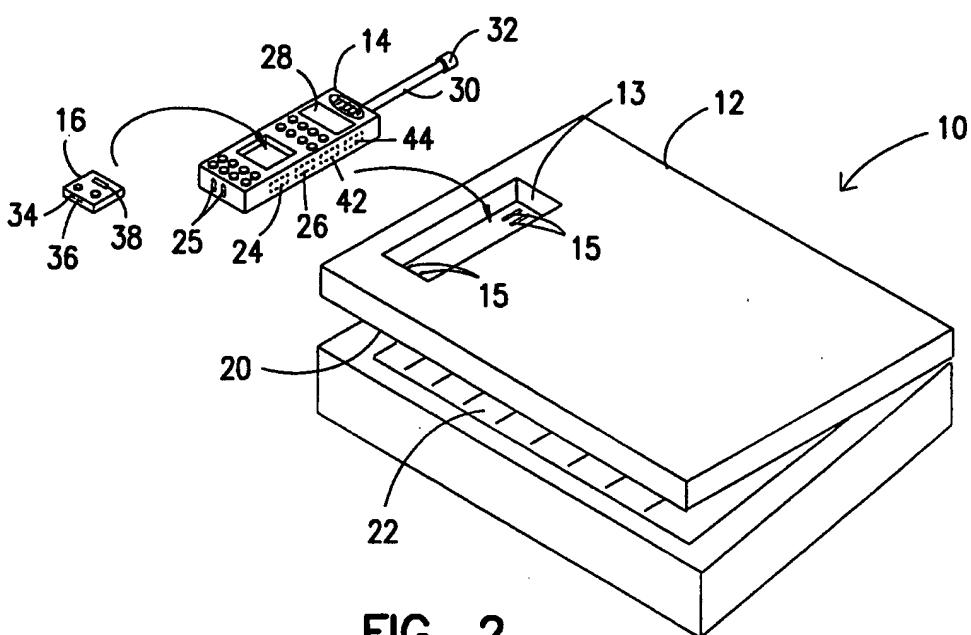
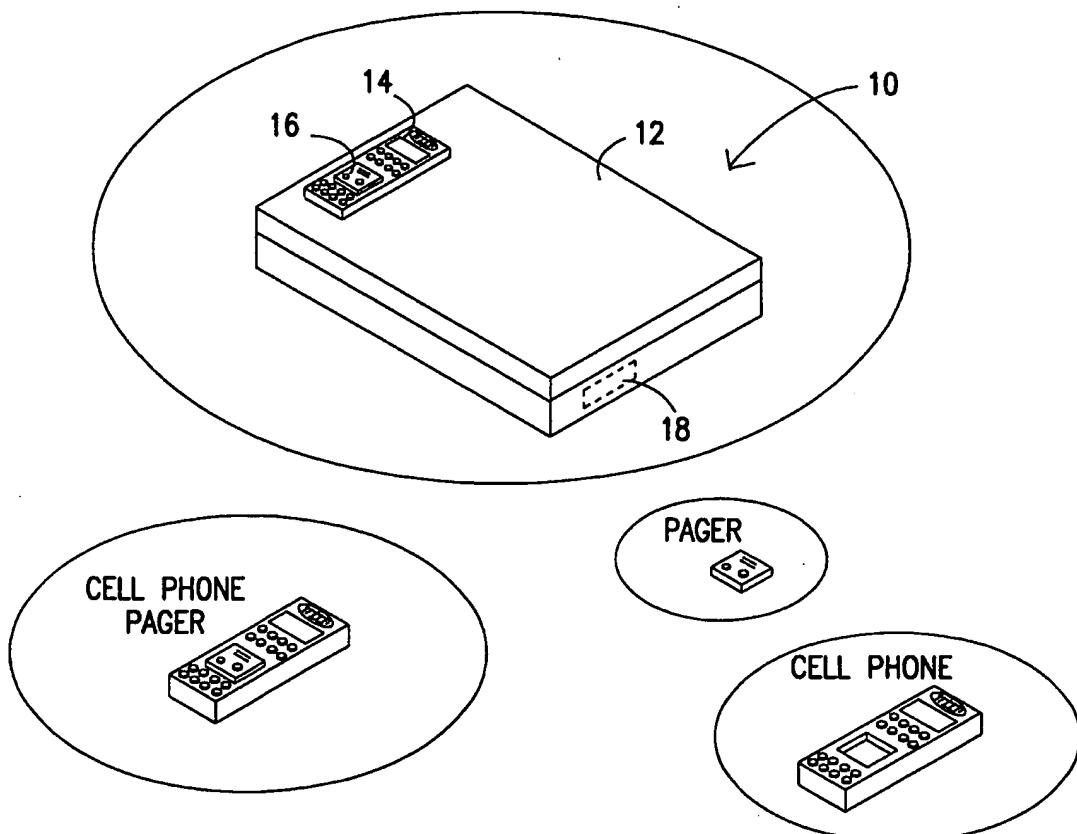


FIG. 2
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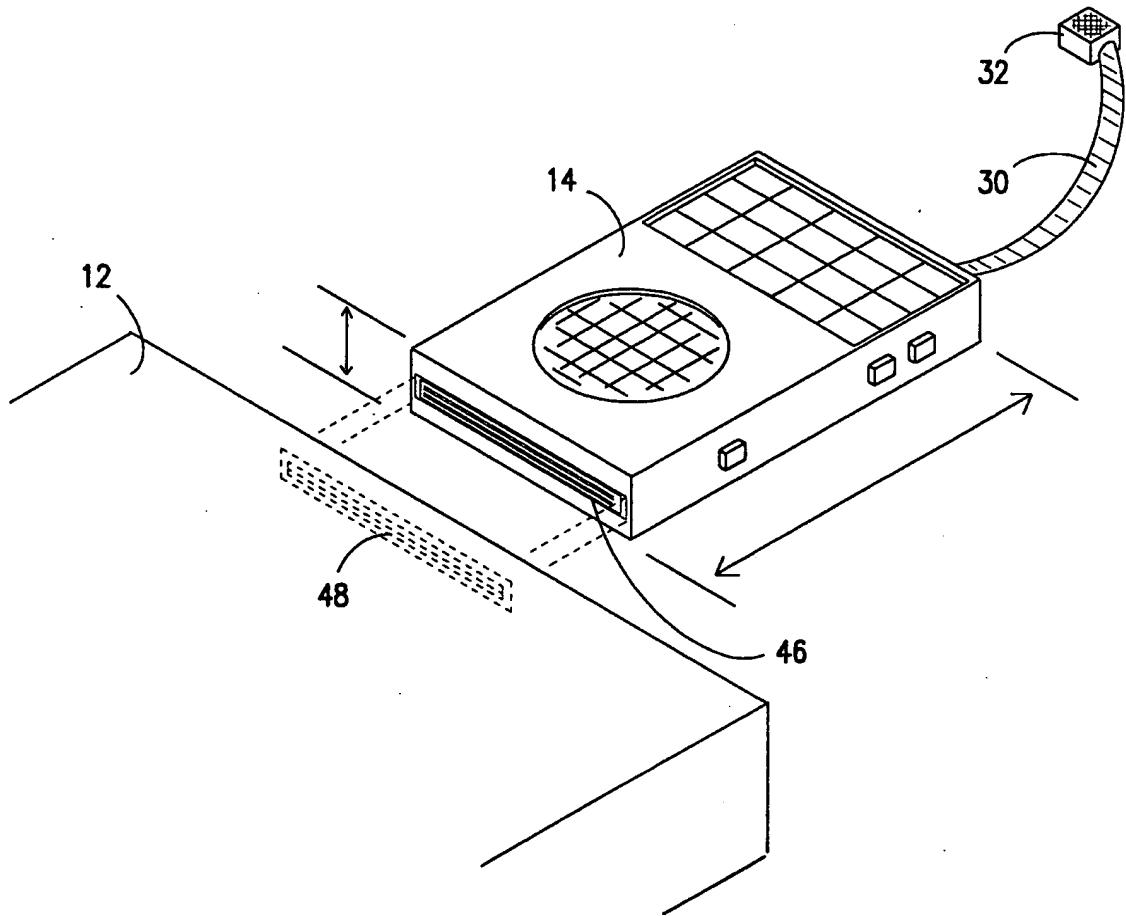


FIG. 3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 00/01860

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 G06F1/16

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 7 G06F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

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C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 96 10229 A (NOVALINK TECH INC) 4 April 1996 (1996-04-04) abstract column 7, line 1 -column 8, line 2 column 25, line 26 -column 26, line 12	1-16
X	US 5 020 090 A (MORRIS WALKER C) 28 May 1991 (1991-05-28) abstract figures 1-9	15,16
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 1996, no. 10, 31 October 1996 (1996-10-31) & JP 08 168080 A (TSUNODA AKIHIKO), 25 June 1996 (1996-06-25) abstract	1,11,14
A		1,11,14



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the International search

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

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